	Westleigh Methodist Primary School Reception Physical Development	
	LTP Progression of Skills and Knowledge With God, all things are possible – Matthew 19:26	"With God, all things are possible" Matthew 19:26
	Love Teamwork Thankfulness Generosity Peace Forgiveness Equality Justice	
Statutory Guidance from the EYFS Framework for Physical Development:	Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness throug play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support child strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and soor Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore a activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and precision helps with heat to be a small tools and support from adults.	h tummy time, crawling and dren to develop their core cial and emotional well-being. and play with small world

FISTED GRIP	DIGITAL PRONATE GRIP	4 FINGER GRIP HIGH INDEX	HOOKED WRIST OR EXTENDED WRIST	CROSS THUMB	THUMB TUCK	JOINT OF INDEX FINGER AND THUMB IN A FLEXED POSITION	INDEX FINGER JOINT IN HYPER EXTENDED POSITION	THUMB IN HYPER EXTENDED POSITION	STATIC TRIPOD GRIP 3 FINGER GRASP	LATERAL TRIPOD	DYNAMIC TRIPOD GRIP
1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	3-4 YEARS				4-6 YEAF					6-7 YEARS
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		The high index	extended and backet and	the cross thumb	the thumb tuck	joints of index finger and thumb in a flexed position	index finger joint in hyperextended position	thumb joint in hyperestended position		the lateral tripod	A company of the second
Pencil held in the palm. All fingers and thumb are used. Movement is from the shoulder so the arm and the hand move as a unit.	All fingers are holding the pencil but the wrist is turned so that the palm is facing down. Movement comes mostly from the elbow. Horizontal lines, vertical lines and circular lines are	Fingers are held on the pencil beginning to form the arc between the thumb and index finger. Movement occurs from the wrist; the hand and fingers move together.	Movement is u A static quadro	usually from the pood grip has a	e thumb, index fir wrist with this stat fourth finger invol can be copied wi	ved.	r work as one unit.				Pencil is held in a stable position between the thumb, index and middle finger. The ring and little fingers are bent and rest comfortably on the table. The index finger and thumb form an open space. Movement

Light	able to be	Zigzag lines,	comes from th
scribbles	copied.	crossed lines and	fingertips.
can be		simple humans	This is the idea
drawn.		can be drawn.	move the penci
l			accurately.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
<u>Twinkl Scheme of</u> <u>Work</u>	<u>Gymnastics: Gym in the</u> <u>Jungle</u>	Dance Till You Drop	Games: Best of Balls	<u>Gymnastics: Jumping</u> <u>Jacks</u>	Athletics: <u>The Olympics</u>	<u>Dance: Dinosaurs</u>
General yearly Physical Development progression	 Children will develop Children will always Children will develop 	overall body strength, co-ordina their fine motor skills to use a ra have access to pencils, paintbru a good posture when sitting at cil grip ready for Year 1 writing e	ange of tools safely and confide ishes, scissors, knives, forks, ar a table (classroom and dinner ti	nd spoon.	cs and sport.	
Development Matters (2021) Guidance Intent	Children will further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: lining up and queuing, mealtimes, personal hygiene.	Children will revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired.	Children will further develop and refine a range of ball skills. Develop confidence, competence, precision, and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.	Children will know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing.	Children will combine different movements with ease and fluency.	Children will confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.
Vocabulary	Line up, wash hands, wait, sit down, carpet time, dinner time, and toilet.	Roll, crawl, walk, jump, run, hop, skip, climb, balance, skill, careful.	Throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, aiming, confidently, precisely, accurately, ball, racket, hands, face, eyes.	Physical activity, health eating, food groups, tooth brushing, screen time, bedtime routine, road safety.	Dance, move, movement, star shape, pike, straddle, tuck, levels, low, standing, tall.	Safe, safely, rules, pencil, pen, scissors, paintbrush, bike, scooter, blocks.
Implementation	 Adults supporting children to learn the school day and routines. Children going for dinner, Children toileting independently Doodle Sticks 	 P.E Lessons, physical activities in the outdoor area – both child initiated and adult guided. Music available for children to dance expressively. Doodle Sticks 	 P.E Lessons, physical activities in the outdoor area – both child initiated and adult guided Balls in outdoor area. Doodle Sticks 	 Planned lessons, guided discussions and continuous provision based around keeping heathy through a range of factors Doodle Sticks 	 P.E Lessons, physical activities in the outdoor area – both child initiated and adult guided Balls in outdoor area. Doodle Sticks 	 Children having daily access to a range of large and small apparatus both indoors and outdoors. Doodle Sticks

Gross Motor Development	Autumn 1	<u>Autumn 2</u>	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Intent	Begin to use their core muscle strength to achieve good posture when sitting on the floor or at the table. Begin to safely use tools and equipment.	Begin to develop overall body; strength, balance, co- ordination, balance and agility. Experiment moving in different ways. Developing in ability when dancing to music.	Continue to develop overall body strength, balance and coordination.	Negotiates space successfully and can adjust speed and direction. Showing increasing control with a ball.	Using equipment safely with consideration to others. Move in a range of ways confidently including running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.	Negotiate space and obstacles safely. Show strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically in a range of different ways.
Vocabulary	Sit, sitting up, straight, smart sitting, posture, floor, carpet, table, pen, pencil, scissors, ball, racket, rope, cone.	Sit, sitting up, straight, smart sitting, balance, follow me, climb, apparatus, mats, slither, crawl, skip, jump, hop, side step. climb, dance, dance move, music, shape, shape names, tension, floppy.	Strength, balance, coordination,	Space, surroundings, aware, speed, direction, control, ball, looking, racket, hands, eyes.	Equipment, ball, cones, safety, careful, running, jumping, stepping, dancing, hopping, skipping, climbing.	Space, carefully, aware, surroundings, direction, speed, strength, coordination, play, playing, running, jumping, hopping, skipping, climbing, moving, travelling
Implementation	 Children sitting at tables and on chairs correctly Children sitting on the carpet appropriately Children having access to a range of tools and equipment such as pens, scissors, balls, rackets, cones to use. 	 P.E Lessons focusing on strength and balance – using equipment to climb, using mats to make a range of shapes with their body, moving around the sports hall in different ways. Listening to music and experimenting with moving their body, copying dance moves and creating their own 	 P.E Lessons focusing on strength and balance – using equipment to climb, using mats to make a range of shapes with their body 	 Moving around during P.E lessons and negotiating around a range of obstacles at different speeds – replicating it outside in their play 	 Children having access to a range of tools and equipment such as pens, scissors, balls, rackets, cones to use – children reminded to use this carefully around other children. 	 Adults prompting children to run safely Adults supporting children with gross motor skills by setting up activities and children having access to the equipment at all times.

Fine Motor development	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	<u>Spring 1</u>	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Intent	Children using pencils and other equipment comfortably for them. Children making snips in paper either using one hand or two.	Children continuing to develop their fine motor skills. Children beginning to learn correct letter formations and use these in their writing.	Developing an effective pencil grip. Developing skill when using tools including scissors.	Children forming recognisable letters with an effective pencil grip.	Confidently using scissors and small tools. Beginning to use a tripod grip to draw and write accurately.	Children using the tripod grip. Using a range of small tools. Showing accuracy when drawing.
Vocabulary	Pencils, tools, equipment, safely, hand, scissors, snips	Pen, pencils, scissors, paintbrush, finger, finger strong, dough, dough disco, letter formation, letters, rhymes, writing.	Pencil, grip, hand, fingers, skill, scissors, snips, control.	Letters, trace, rhymes, pencil grip.	Scissors, small tools, tripod, fingers, draw, pencils.	Tripod, pencil, grip, skill, tools, pen, pencil, scissors, weaving, threading, accuracy, drawing, detail, tracing.
Implementation	 Dough Disco Doodle Sticks Funky Fingers Pencils available for children at all times Scissors available for children to use Activities for children that include mark making, name writing and snipping paper. 	 Dough Disco Doodle Sticks Funky Fingers Fine motor activities in the class as well as adult guided activities – drawing, writing, cutting, tracing ect. Weekly handwriting lessons – children introduced to new formations to copy and then use during writing activities. 	 Dough Disco Doodle Sticks Funky Fingers Adults supporting children to develop their pencil grip – verbally, moving fingers Pencil grips if children need support. Scissors and small tools available in provision for children as well as guided activities using these materials. 	 Dough Disco Doodle Sticks Funky Fingers Children being taught letter formations, incorrect formations being corrected and teachers supporting children to correct these Adults supporting children to develop their pencil grip – verbally, moving fingers, pencil grips if children need support. 	 Dough Disco Doodle Sticks Funky Fingers Adults supporting children to develop their pencil grip – verbally, moving fingers, pencil grips if children need support. Scissors and small tools available in provision for children as well as guided activities using these materials. 	 Dough Disco Doodle Sticks Funky Fingers Adults supporting children to develop their pencil grip – verbally, moving fingers, pencil grips if children need support. Scissors and small tools available in provision for children as well as guided activities using these materials.

Early Learning Goals	Gross Motor Skills Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. Fine Motor Skills Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.
The Reception Year provides the foundation for physical skills children will build upon in Year one.	The National Curriculum (2014) states that Children should master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities. Children should participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending. Children should perform dances using simple movement patterns. <i>All schools must provide swimming instruction either in key stage 1 or key stage 2.</i> In particular, pupils should be taught to: swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres. Use a range of strokes effectively. Perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.